AL OLA Language School AL OLA Modern Schools

English Language Advanced level Connect Plus

3rd Primary

(Language + Arabic Section)

First Term 2020/2021

Name:	••••••••••••••••••

Class:

3rd Primary (Language + Arabic) Sections First Term

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Onnet Plus

<u>Unit (1)</u>

This is my booklet.	
I am	
This is my photo.	
I am in class	
My teacher's name is	
My favourite hobby is	
My favourite movie is	
My favourite sport is	
* Keep your on the	
= pay attention	

Unit (1)

At the Track

New vocabulary

- (1) Track (n): A type of path or road often in the shape of a ring.
- (2) Sports events: important matches, races and sports competitions such as The olympic games.
- (3) Athlete: a person who is very good at sports.
- (4) To compete (v): to try to be better than someone else.

 competition (n): activity of competing.
- (5) To train(v): to practise.

Trainer (n)

eg: The coach trained us for the match.

(6) verbs related to sports : run measure – beat – set a record



- jump



throw ≠ catch

win ≠ lose

- (7) To describe (v): to say or write what someone or something is like.
- description (n)
- e.g: Could you describe your lost mobile so we can find it?
- (8) effort: A force done to do something.
- e.g: He made a great effort to come first and win the competition.
- (9) support: help.
- e.g: Mum usually supports me in everything.
- (10) warm up = work out : to do some exercise to be ready.
- e.g: You must warm up before the match.
- (11) secret: something that you hide.
- (12) Record (n): the best or fastest ever done.
- set a record: to do something better than anyone else.
- (13) Get fit: to become healthy.
- (14) Rumours (n): false (not true) news about someone.
- spread rumours : tell everyone the news .

(15) distance: a space.

e.g: What is the distance between Cairo and Alex?

(16) have fun = enjoy yourself

e.g: We had fun at the park yesterday.

(17) to make fun of: to laugh at someone unkindly.

e.g: Don't make fun of your little brother, it's rude.

Opposites:

- different x similar = the same
- tired x relaxed
- winner x loser
- easy x difficult

Q1: Choose the right answer:

- 1- He (ate jumped swam) up high when he won the race.
- 2- He's a clever athlete, he can (eat jump swim) up high.
- 3- Heba measures how (many much far) they walk on foot to school.
- 4- The (distance track race) between our home and school isn't long. I go on foot.
- 5- Don't (catch throw eat) rubbish on the floor. It's unhealthy.
- 6- Sara trained well for the match I think she will (win drink clean) the match today.
- 7- Sports events are (bad horrible exciting) we can watch races and competitions.
- 8- The (athlete track event) is 800 metres long.
- 9- The athletes are getting ready for the race they are standing at the beginning of the (event horrible track).
- 10- During sports events the athletes are (competing completing flying) to win gold medals.
- 11- Our house is very (long far short) from the club. We must go by car.

Q2: Choose the right answer:

- 1- A true friend (makes supports plays) his friend in good times and in bad times.
- 2- It's rude to (make have swim) fun of your friend, you must apologize to him.
- 3- She was (making having swimming) fun at the party , she looked happy.
- 4- Be careful of what you're saying before (spreading having eating) rumours.
- 5-He said "sorry" and (listened apologized ate) for his mistake.
- 6- The way to school is (farther far near) than the way to the club.
- 7- She can jump up (high higher low) than her friend.
- 8- Our teacher made a great (fun effort for) to explain the lessons.
- 9- You must do exercises and eat fruits and vegetables to get (five feet fit).
- 10- The athlete won the gold medal and (sit site set) a new record.
- 11- Can you measure the (distant distance fun) between the two classes?

- 12- The teacher told her students not to go (long far short) and stay near her during the trip.
- 13- A: What will you (eat wear –run) for the party?B: I'll wear the blue dress.
- 14- I (sing think sink) the athlete wearing blue will win. He looks energetic.
- 15- Mum asked me to (wear throw measure) the room to buy a new carpet.
- 16- Our team needs all (port fun support) from the coach to come first.
- 17- It's important to warm (in on up) before doing any exercise to help your body.
- 18- The police asked the woman to (eat support –describe) the thief.

<u>Test (1)</u>

$01 \cdot$	Chanse	the	correct	answer	٠_
$\mathbf{Q}_{\mathbf{I}}$.	CHOOSE	uie	COLLECT	answei	• -

1- We are having a sports (running – event	t – throwing) we are
very excited.	
2- He is an (computer – doctor – athlete).	He plays sports.
3- I am watching the (long – short – big) ju	ımp in the track.
4- Athletes from different schools are (com	peting – wearing –
doing) to win the gold medal.	
5- Salma is (fast – faster – fastest) than Ma	ai. She won the race.
6- It's (good – bad – evil) to apologize when	n you do something
wrong.	
7- I think he (is winning – wins – will win)	the gold medal.
8- You must (apply – apologize – throw) to	your brother after
you broke his toy.	
Q2: Rewrite the following sentences using t	he words in brackets:
1- Ali is 150 cm tall . Ahmed is 160 cm tall.	(taller)
•••••	
2- Ali is slower than Hend.	(faster)
3- Yes, it will be easy to win.	(will)
4- I will win the race.	(not)
•••••	•••••
5- They will do exercise tomorrow.	(He)

Q3: (Complete	the following	dialogue using	these words:

(sport - Do - often - football)
1- Sally:you like sports?
Mai: Yes, I do.
Sally: Whatdo you play?
Mai: I play
Sally: Howdo you practise it?
Mai: Three times a week.
Q4: Read the following passage, then answer the questions:
Next Friday is my birthday. I am going to have a big birthday
party. My mum is going to make a cake . My friends are going to
give me presents . My dad is going to bring me a bike as he
promised me . It's going to be a great day
(A) Answer these questions :-
1- When is your birthday party?
••••••
2- What are your friends going to bring you?
(D) CI
(B) Choose:
1- Your mum is going to make you a (present – cake – bike).
2- It's going to be a (nice – short – bad) day.

Q5: Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Nader is a young boy. One day he was sad when he came home from school. He told his friend Ahmed a secret that he was scared of water so he didn't want to do the swimming competition. His friend, Ahmed told Adam and Tamer, and now everyone knows. They are making fun of Nader. The next day, Nader was happy again because Ahmed apologized for telling his secret. Also, Adam and Tamer said "sorry" for making fun of him.

(A) Answer these questions :-

1- How was Nader when he came back from school?
•••••
2- Who are making fun of Tamer ?
••••••
(B) Choose:

- 1- Nader told his (friend mother brother) a secret.
- 2- Nader was scared of (water air sand).

Q6: Pictorial Composition:

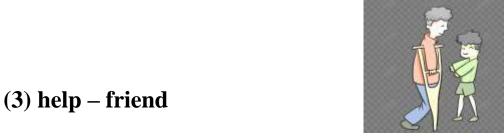


(1) like – throwing



(2) **get** – **fit**

••••••







(5) have – fun

Unit (2)

New vocabulary

(1) To beat (v.): to hit something or somebody.

e.g: When your heart beats, you are alive.

- beat (n.) : sound of music

e.g: She danced beautifully to the beat.

(2) blood (n.): a red liquid.

e.g: I cut my hand and lost some blood.

(3) pump (v.) : push

e.g: The heart pumps the blood.

(4) brain (n.)



(5) control (v.): The power to do something.

(6) bone (n.):

e.g: The dog eats the bone.

(7) Nutrient: Food that helps animals, people or plants to grow.

e.g: Kids need nutrient food to grow up healthy.

(8) Germs: very small living thing that can make you ill.

e.g: Wash your hands well to kill germs.

(9) Dirt (n.): something that is not clean.

e.g: Clean your home from dirt.

- (10) attach (v.): join to something else.
- e.g: I attached a photo to my file and sent it to my friend.
- (11) sunscreen (n.): a cream or lotion to protect the skin from the sun.
- (12) sunburn (n.): red skin caused by too much time in the sun .
- (13) skin (n.): cover of the human.
- (14) **Energy (n.)** : power
- e.g: Healthy food that gives us energy.
- (15) To break down (v.): to cut into small pieces.
- To break down (v.): stop working
- e.g: Our car broke down while we were travelling to Alex.
- (16) Direction (n.): The way you are going
- Turn to the left direction to go to school.
- (17) **Stomach** (n.)
- e.g: When I eat a lot of sweets, my stomach hurts.
- (18) Jaw (n.)
- e.g: We use our teeth, tongue and jaw to eat the food.
- (19) To chew (v.): to cut or break the food by using your teeth.
- e.g: Chew your food well.
- (20) Weather (n.)
- e.g: Today the weather is hot.

- (21) To protect (v.): To keep safe from harm.
- e.g: Eat healthy food to protect your body from diseases.
- (22) Tired (adj.): in need of rest.
- (23) To cross (v.): to go from one side of something
- e.g: Look right and left when you cross the street.
- Cross (adj.) : angry
- e.g: My mum is cross because I lost my bag.
- (24) Mood (n.): The state of mind or feeling.
- e.g: Today I am in a bad mood because I lost my key.

Phrasal Verbs:

- Look after: to care for

eg: Women who stay at home look after their children.

- Look for: to try to get something you need.
- e.g: She looks for her book.
- Look out: to be careful.
- e.g: Look out! There is a car coming.

Opposites:

- hot x cold
- healthy x unhealthy
- cool x warm
- push x pull
- strong x weak

Q1: Choose the right answer:

- 1- We never (skip skips skipping) breakfast.
- 2- Bones are (liquid soft hard).
- 3- Your (heart brain knee) moves blood around your body.
- 4- When we (stay sleep swallow) food, it goes to our stomach.
- 5- I'll punish you if you (heat beat seat) your classmate.
- 6- We need to (play sing pump) water to reach the higher floor
- 7- A teacher should (skip control play) his pupils in class.
- 8- Ahmed is clever, he has good ideas he has a good (hand nose brain).
- 9- Sports make your (eyes muscles ears) strong.
- 10- Don't waste your (energy food teeth) in playing , save some for the race.
- 11- It's healthy to wash your hands to kill (stomach germs legs)
- 12- You should becareful when you (cross meet eat) the road.
- 13- My teacher is (gross-cross-happy) when I don't do my homework .
- 14- Clean your home from (cars dirts fruits). Dirts are unhealthy.
- 15- The (feather weather never) is hot and sunny in summer.
- 16- I need to sleep because I feel (hungry happy tired).
- 17- I'm in a bad (mood-stood-broad) because I broke my glasses.

Q2: Fill in the gaps using the following words:

(bones – muscles – sunburn –	warm – skin – control – unhealthy – nutrient)
1- Our skin keeps us	in cold weather.
2- Drinking milk builds ou	ır
3- We can get	from the sun.
4- Ouris cover	ring our bodies.
5- Eating sweets is	•••••
6food	keep us healthy.
7- You should	your anger.
8protect ou	r skeleton .
Q3: Match :	
(A)	(B)
1- Blood is a	a- breaks down the food.
2- The stomach	b- help us to grow.
3- We use our teeth to	c- a red liquid.
4- Nutrients	d- chew the food .

Q4: Choose the right answer: 1- I love mum with all my (heart – skin – stom	nach).
2- You should (look – look out – look after) yo	our baby brother.
3- It's important to wear (sunglasses – a vase	– a book) before
going to the sea.	
4- Milk makes your (eyes – skin – bones) stro	ong.
5- We get (sun – energy – teeth) from food.	
6- (Read – Chew – Drink) food well before sw	vallowing it.
7- The heart (reads – drinks – pumps) the oxy	ygenated blood to the
rest of the body.	
8- We wear sunglasses to (protect – play – mo	ove) our eyes from
the sun.	h:
9- Our (brain – heart – knee) controls everytl 10- It's healthy to drink a lot of (chocolate – w	•
<u>Q5: Re-write</u> 1- Yes, I play football.	(Do)
2- He plays basketball everyday.	(How often)
3- They are going to visit the pyramids.	(not)
4- Yes, she will visit her grandma tomorrow.	(will)
5- She can jump two meters high.	(How high)
••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

Q6: Re-arrange:
1- red – is – liquid – a - <u>Blood</u>
••••••
2- get – <u>We</u> – the – sun – can – from – sunburn
••••••
3- control – should – <u>You</u> – anger – your
••••••
Q7: Complete the dialogue :
Ali: Hello, Shady . How are you today ?
Shady: Hello, Ali. I'm fine.
Ali: What's your favourite sport?
Shady:
Ali: Where do you play it ?
Shady:

Q8: Read the following passage and answer the questions: Healthy food

Healthy food is tasty and good for you. You need it to grow and feel good. You can find grains in bread and rice. Milk, cheese and yogurt are also important. These will give you strong bones. Meat, eggs, fish and nuts give you protein. Fruits and vegetables are good to eat. Chips and cookies are tasty, but are unhealthy.

A) Answer the following questions:
1- Why do you need healthy food ?
2- How can you make your bones strong?
•••••
B) Choose:
1- Nuts and meat give us (vitamins – protein – calcium)
2- Chips and cookies are (healthy – unhealthy – lovely)
3- Milk is important for our (stomach – heart – bones)
3- Whik is important for our (stomach – heart – bones)
Q9: Complete the missing letters :
tth fd bk ck $ton-uw$
Q10: Look and write:
a) I never skip b) Ouris important .
c) It's healthy to drink a lot of
d) I likeTV .
(19)

Unit (3)

New vocabulary

(1) Vitamins (n.): substances found in food and are important for our health.

ex: Fruits and vegetables are full of vitamins.

(2) Fiber(n.): A substance found in food and it's important to form muscles.

ex: My diet contains fiber as it helps my body to form muscles.

- (3) Nutrients (n.): substances that plants and animals need to grow.
- **(4) absorb (v.) : take in.**

ex: Plants absorb nutrients from the soil to grow.

(5) Delicious: tasty/ yummy (adj.) = tastes good

ex: Mum always makes delicious food.

(6) Protein (n.)

ex: We get protein from meat and eggs.

(7) **Spread** (v.)

ex: I spread cheese on my sandwich.

(8) Balance (n.): equal amounts of food that are needed.

ex: It's important to eat a balanced diet.

(9) Contain(v.)

ex: My diet contains fiber and vitamins.

(10) Carry(v.) ex: Kangaroos usually carry their babies in pouches. **(11) Calories (n.)** ex: Try to lose weight by eating fewer calories. (12) Gram (n.): A unit used for measuring weight. ex: A piece of meat weighed about 50 grams. (13) Joint (n.): A piece in the body where two bones meet. ex: Our body contains 70 joints. (14) Preserve (v.): to keep safe we add salt to food to keep it. ex: We preserve food in the fridge. (15) Store (v.) ex: We store food in the fridge so as not to go bad. (16) Heat (v.) ex: We use the cooker to heat the food. **(17) Take out (v.)** ex: Don't forget to take out the rubbish. (18) Confused (adj.): Don't know what to do (19) Plain (adj.) ex: I like wearing a plain t-shirt. (20) Container (n.) ex: We store food in containers.

(21)

(21) Freezer (n.)

ex: We use a freezer to store food for a long time.

(22) Worried (adj.)

ex: I've an exam tomorrow. I feel worried.

(23) Biscuits



(24) Butter



(25) Cheese



(26) Milk



(27) Olive oil



(28) Heart:



The heart pumps blood all over the body .

(29) Calcium

ex: Milk contains calcium which is important for our bones.

Q1: Choose the right answer:

- 1- Fruits and vegetables are full of (joints vitamins glass).
- 2- My diet contains (digestion percent fiber) which is important to form muscles.
- 3- Plants (absorve build take out) nutrients from the soil , to grow .
- 4- My mum always cooks (plein delicious untasty) food. I like it.
- 5- Meat and eggs are important sources of (protein dairy food sugar).
- 6- Do you like to (carry spread heat) some cheese on the pizza?
- 7- Kangaroos usually (carry hate heat) their babies in pouches.
- 8- I'm trying to lose weight so I eat food with few (calories nutrients energy).
- 9- Drinking a lot of water is good for our (join joints points).
- 10- Dairy food , meat and nuts are good sources of (protein oil sugar) .
- 11- She likes to wear (plain coloured black) clothes.

- 12- When we dry fruit , it (takes out carries preserves) the water and keeps all the nutrients.
- 13- We (store take out heat) food in the fridge.
- 14- Mum's birthday is tomorrow. I'm (angry confused hungry) about the present I'll buy.
- 15- I can't understand this exercise . I am (angry confused hungry).
- 16- We use the (freezer oven heat) to store food for a long time
- 17- Don't forget to put the food in the (freezer book heat).
- 18- You should drink milk as it contains (calcium heart freezer) which is important for our body.
- 19- I feel (happy worried hungry) about tomorrow's exam. I can't sleep well.

<u>Test (1)</u>

Q1: Choose the correct answer:-

- 1- Plants (absorb take out build) nutrients from the soil to grow.
- 2- Meat and eggs are important sources of (protein dairy food sugar).
- 3- I'm trying to lose weight, so I eat fewer (calories nutrients energy).
- 4- When we dry fruit , it (takes out carries preserves) the water and keeps all nutrients.
- 5- You should drink milk as it contains (calcium heart freezer) which is important for our body.
- 6- Kangaroos usually (carry wash watch) their babies in their pouches.
- 7- My mum always make (bad delicious untasty) food. I like it .
- 8- I can't understand this exercise. I'm (angry confused hungry).
- 9- The (stomach heart bone) is an organ which pumps the blood all over the body .
- 10- It's good for you to lose weight by eating fewer (vitamins calories fiber).

Q2: Rewrite the following sentences using the words in brackets:		
1- I am visiting my grandma at the moment.	•	
2- I am writing my lessons now.	(Am)	
3- We are playing tennis now.	(When)	
4- Farida is doing her H.W in the bedroom.	(not)	
5- I am listening to the teacher.	(What)	
Q3: Read the following passage, then answer th	e questions:	
Hello, I'm Hany . I'm nine years old. I live in N	asr city. I go to	
Al-Ola school. Mum is a nurse . She works in a ho	spital. Dad is a	
teacher .He works in a school.		
(A) Answer these questions :-		
1- How old is Hany?		
2- Where does Hany live?		
(B) Choose:	••••••	
1- Hany's dad is a (doctor – teacher – nurse).		
2- Hany's mum works in a (school – hospital –	office).	

Q4: Rearrange:
1- digestion – is – <u>This</u> – about – book
••••••
2- us — <u>Carbohydrates</u> — energy — give
•••••
3- for – is – our – good – <u>Calcium</u> – bones
•••••••
Q5: Complete the dialogue :
Sally:?
Dalia: I feel sick.
Sally: Did you visit a doctor?
Dalia:
Q6: Pictorial Composition:
(1) Sweets are
(2) She wears
(27)

(3) He is a



(4) Milk is good for



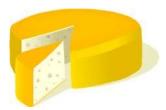
Q7: Supply the missing letters:



M - 1 -



H -- rt



Ch -- se



Kan - ar - -



Fru - ts

Unit (4)

New Vocabulary

- -To build nests: to build a house by a bird with straw to live in or to keep eggs.
- To chase: to follow rapidly in order to catch .eg: The cat chased the mouse .
- To dig burrows: to make holes in the ground.
- To gather: to come together /to collecteg: The students gathered around their teacher
- To hide: to put or to keep out of sight.
- Hunt: the lion hunted a goat.
- Live in holes: Mice live in holes.
- Take shelter: to go to a place to protect yourself.
- Crayfish
- Male: the kind of people or animals that doesn't give birth to young.
- Goose







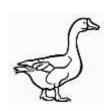












- Squirrel
- Swamp
- Tent
- Grass land
- Wetland
- Camp: A place where people live in tents or huts. to live in a camp.
 - e.g: The hunters camped near the mountain.
- Canopy: shade
- Wild life park: A place to see wildlife plants and animals.
- Chimpanzees













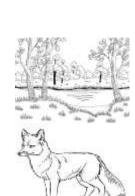
- Sloth
- Webcam: a digital camera that can be connected to the internet.
- Cheetah
- Cobra
- Emergent: something that comes out of another one
- Forest floor
- Fennec fox
- Macaw: A kind of parrots
- Sea lion
- Spider monkey
- Polar: coming from lands near North or South poles e.g: polar bears.







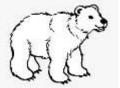








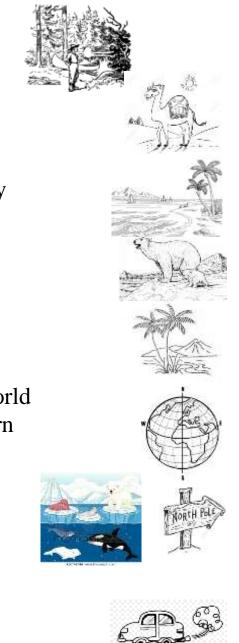




- Rainforest
- Desert
- Land scape: A wide view of the country scenery
- Polar habitat
- Tropical: related to living in hot areas
- Equator: An imaginary line drawn round the world half way between its most northern and southern points.
- North pole



- Pollution: to harm the environment
- Flood
- Drought
- Ash
- Deforestation: cutting off trees from the forests













Q1: Choose the right answer: 1- Cats always (chase – love – eat) mice.		
2- We should stop(beating – feeding – hunting) pandas because		
they are endangered animals.		
3- Owls (leave – live – play) in holes in forests and they hunt at		
night.		
4- White foxes dig (lake – burrows – plant) in the ground.		
5- I saw a squirrel hiding(apples – nuts – lemon) in a hole.		
6- Elephants, giraffes and lions live in (seas – grasslands – lakes).		
7- (Flood – Drought – Pollution) causes many diseases . we must		
find way to protect our world.		
8- The Amazon River contains the world largest (polar – tropical –		
sunny) rainforest.		
9- Cobras $(might - don't - do)$ live in the desert.		
10- Bears might (eating – eat – eats) fruits.		
Q2: Rewrite :		
1- I play football.	(playing)	
2- My birthday is in May.	(When)	
2- why bir thuay is in way.	(vv iicii)	
3- Heba teaches at primary school.	(Does)	
4- The earth goes round the sun .	(not)	

(What's)

5- My favourite subject is English.

	es – <u>The smoke</u> – the air
	- food – <u>Animals</u> – for
•••••	
3- are – <u>1</u>	<u>Sloths</u> – slow – very
•••••	••••••
4- trees -	– live – <u>Birds</u> – in
•••••	
5- take –	- burrows – in – shelter – <u>Animals</u>
•••••	
6- place	s – <u>Rainforests</u> – warm – are
•••••	•••••••
7- wetlan	nd – is – <u>A swamp</u> – habitat
•••••	••••••
8- have -	- <u>Macaws</u> – feathers – colorful
	••••••
	1
Q4: Dia	Which wild animals do you like best?
	·
	I like cheetahs.
Ali:	Do they live in Africa
Mona:	•••••
Ali:	?
Mona:	Yes, they eat meat.

○ =	_	-	• 4	
115.	$1 \Omega \Omega$	and	writa	•
$\mathbf{V}^{\mathbf{J}}$.	LUUN	anu	write	•

1- Polar bears – live – north pole



2-are dangerous animals.



3- spider monkey – hang – tail

.....



4- sloth - move - slowly

.....



Q6: Supply the missing letters:

(1)



(2)





m - n - ey

(3)

b - r

- pid- r



(4)





Test (1)

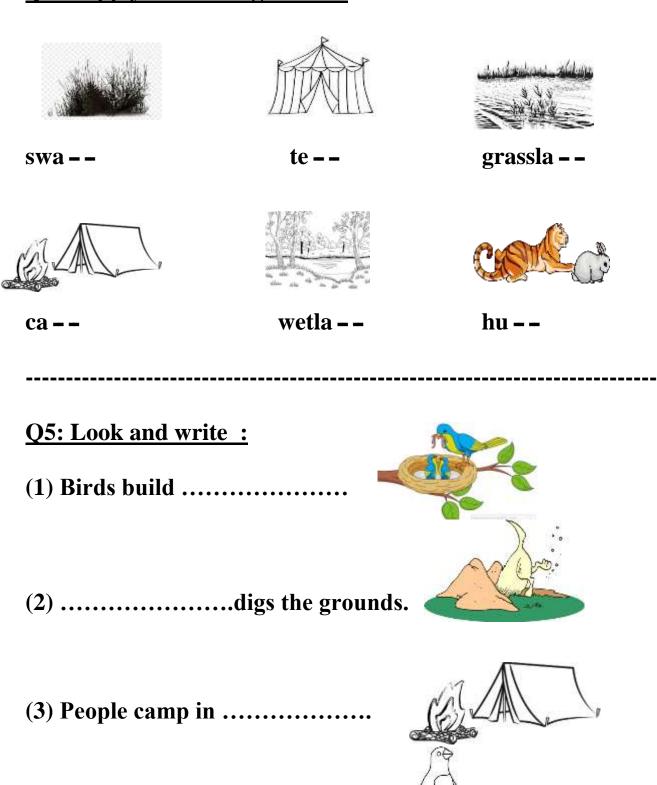
Q1: Choose the correct answer :-

- 1- Birds build (cars nests toys) to keep their eggs.
- 2- My mother (drinks hides chases) sweets from us as they are unhealthy.
- 3- During winter , some animals take (cake-lunch-shelter) in burrows to protect themselves from rain.
- 4- I took my (tent toy suit) in the car as we are going camping this week.
- 5- I feel bored, why don't we go (camping eating drinking) at the weekend?
- 6- People wear heavy clothes in the (desert tropical polar) habitat because of the cold freezing weather.
- 7- Living in (rainforest tropical polar) areas is very hard because it's very hot.
- 8- An owl (might not might don't) live in a hole.
- 9- She might (is be are) ill, she didn't come to school yesterday.
- 10- It was raining heavily, so we took (cake lunch shelter) from the rain under a tree.

Q2: Rewrite the following sentences using	tne words in brackets
1- The children watch TV every day.	(Do)
2- Wael walks to school every day .	(not)
3- The baby cries too much.	(Does)
4- My name is Rana .	(What's)
5- I wake up at 7 o' clock.	(When)
Q3: Read the following passage, then answ	er the questions:
The cheetah is a large cat. It lives in Africa	
animal. It can run 80 to 128 km/h. The cheet	
the day and ready to hunt. It bites its prey from leads to death.	om throat and this
(A) Answer these questions :- 1- Where does the cheetah live ?	
2- What does the cheetah eat ?	••••••
(B) Choose: 1- Cheetahs are (active – lazy – happy) du	ring the day .
2- The cheetah is a large (cat – dog – monl	

Q4: Supply the missing letters:

(4)has to wings.



1- hide – th	ne trees – <u>Animals</u> – under
•••••	••••••
2- Macaws	– coloured – have – feathers – beautiful
•••••	••••••
3- crawl – 1	the rain forest – on – <u>Snakes</u> – floor
•••••	••••••••••
Q7: Dialog	<u>aue:</u>
Amira:	Does a sloth move slowly?
Rasha:	•••••
Amira:	Do you like seeing the chimpanzee?
Rasha:	•••••

Q6: Rearrange:

Unit (5) All about water

New vocabulary

(1) Place: an area like school, restaurant and home.

(2) Interesting: exciting

e.g: The movie was interesting. I couldn't sleep till I finished it.

- (3) Spring: a big hole full of water like "Oyoon Mussa" or " a season in a year"
- (4) Oasis: an area in the desert that is surrounded by trees.
- (5) Sand storm: strong wind full of sand
- (6) Herb (n.): a kind of plant that can be used for eating or drinking.
- (7) Shade = shadow
- (8) Medicine: used to treat sick people.
- (9) Monuments:





(10) underground





- (12) Palm tree



(14) We have two types of water fresh water salt water (rivers – lakes) (seas – oceans) (40)

(Verbs:
- look after = take care of
eg: The cat looks after her kittens.
- fall
eg: He fell off the bike yesterday.
- soak into: cover something with water.
- to protect (v.) :
eg: Wear a helmet to protect you when you ride your bike.
- protection (n)
Opposites
- dry x wet
- come up x go down
Complete the dialogue:
Ali: Hey Ahmed,?
Ahmed: Yes, Siwa Oasis is a very interesting place.
Ali:?

Ahmed: It's hot and dry.

Q1: Choose:

- 1- Siwa Oasis is a very (interesting- boring wild) place in the desert.
- 2- The desert is hot and (wet dry rainy).
- 3- The nurse (looks takes goes) after sick people.
- 4- In Siwa Oasis, people swim in (monuments basket springs).
- 5- I usually use (shade herbs surface) to treat common cold.
- 6- When I was in the desert , there was a huge (sandstorm-river-monument) that was full of sand .
- 7- Rivers and lakes have (fresh salt dirty) water.
- 8- Seas and (oceans rivers lakes) have salt water.
- 9- It's very hot, come under the (shade wind water).

Q2: Pictorial Composition:



river - fresh



oasis- trees



cat - shade



nurse – sick people

Q3: Read the following passage and answer the questions:
Adel went to Siwa Oasis yesterday. He saw many kinds of
trees , rivers and springs. The weather was hot and dry . He saw
many animals like camels and horses. He ate delicious fruits and
vegetables.
A) Answer the following questions: 1- Where did Adel go yesterday?
2- What did Adel see there ?
••••••
B) Choose the correct answer:
1- The weather was (hot $-$ cold $-$ rainy).
2- Adel saw (animals – sea – ocean).
3- Adel ate many delicious (cake – pizza – fruits) and vegetables.
3- Adel ate many delicious (cake – pizza – fruits) and vegetables. O4: Rearrange:
Q4: Rearrange: 1- makes – Rain – underground – rivers
Q4: Rearrange :
Q4: Rearrange: 1- makes – Rain – underground – rivers
O4: Rearrange: 1- makes – Rain – underground – rivers 2- lakes – and – Rivers – fresh – have – water
Q4: Rearrange: 1- makes – Rain – underground – rivers 2- lakes – and – Rivers – fresh – have – water
Q4: Rearrange: 1- makes – Rain – underground – rivers 2- lakes – and – Rivers – fresh – have – water 3- hot – dry – The desert – and - is
O4: Rearrange: 1- makes – Rain – underground – rivers 2- lakes – and – Rivers – fresh – have – water 3- hot – dry – The desert – and - is
O4: Rearrange: 1- makes – Rain – underground – rivers 2- lakes – and – Rivers – fresh – have – water 3- hot – dry – The desert – and - is

(43)

Q5: Co	omplete the dialogue :	
Andy:	Happy birthday , Tom.	
Tom:	Thanks.	
Andy:	•••••	•••••
Tom:	Oh, wow!	
Andy:	Do you like it?	
Tom:	•••••	•••••
Q6: Pic	ictorial Composition :	
oce	cean - salt	park - interesting
	omplete using:	
	– herbs – look after – soaks – fres	sh – place – monuments)
1- Siwa	a Oasis is an interesting	It's full of
2- River	ers and lakes have	water.
3- Peopl	pleanimals in the C	Dasis.
4- The r	raininto the earth.	
5- Peopl	ple useas a medic	eine.
6- Seas a	and oceans havev	vater.

Q8: Match:

1- The desert is a- have fresh water.

2- People look b- hot and dry.

3- River and lakes c- wet.

4- The opposite of dry is d- after animals.

Q9: Choose:

1- You have to (hot - dry - try) your hair after a shower.

2- I always (soak – socks – scarf) fruits before eating it.

3- When I am sick, I take (milk – medicine – melon).

4- People can (swim-sleep – spell) in the sea.

5- Mothers always (eat – cry – protect) their children.

6- Roots grow under the (surf - suffer - surface) of the earth.

7- The Egyptian museum has many (memories – monuments – schools).

<u>Unit (6)</u>

New vocabulary

- (1) flood: cover with liquid, usually water.
- (2) thunderstorm: a strong wind along with thunder and lightning.
- (3) lightning
- (4) drain: emptying something by allowing liquid to turn out of it.
- (5) rescue: to save
- (6) volunteer : works without being paid.
- (7) community: a group of people living in the same place and have some likes and dislikes.
- (8) ambulance:
- (9) citizen: a person in a country.
- (10) first aid: care given before regular medical help.
- (11) loyal: true hearted.
- eg: Loyal friends stand by him.
- (12) bossy: gives people orders all the time.
- (13) mean: doesn't like to give or share things.
- (14) generous: likes to give and share things.
- (15) cooperative : helpful.
- (16) sensible : kind
- eg:He is sensible. He has a heart of gold.

(17) responsible

eg: I can count on him. He knows his duties.

(18) nervous: always feels worried.

(19) caring: cares about others.

(20) moody: sometimes feels happy and sometimes feels sad without any reason.

(21) wise: having or showing experience and good judgment.

(22) helpful: helps others

(23) selfish: doesn't like sharing

(24) irrigation: supplying dry land with water.

(25) Ancient Egyptians



(26) **High Dam**:



(27) monuments:



(28) build:

(29) protect: keep safe from harm.

(30) remove: take away.

(31) predict: say what will happen in the future.

(32) destroy: end the existence of something.

(33) create: to make something from the beginning.

(34) warn: inform someone in advance of possible danger.

Q1: Choose the correct answer:

- 1- A/An emergency (potter farmer responder) helps people in an emergency.
- 2- There is too (many much few) coffee in the cupboard.
- 3- Emergency responders can do (first third fourth) aid.
- 4- There are too (much little many) cars in the street.
- 5- There isn't (enough many few) sugar. I will go and buy some from the supermarket.
- 6- There (is isn't aren't) enough pencils.
- 7- Flood water can (wash watch wish) away cars , roads and bridges.
- 8- We can (collapse lose minimize) the effects of flooding if we are prepared.
- 9- We need to install a (bell pen- pump) to remove the water.
- 10- We can (ruin protect destroy) our skin by using sunscreen.
- 11- Rasha doesn't like sharing her things. She is (caring kind mean).
- 12- Doddy isn't scared of anything . He is (brave cowardly selfish) .
- 13- There is (many too many too much) cake in the kitchen.
- 14- He is (calm angry wise). He knows a lot of things he never does anything silly .
- 15- There are (too many much too much) doors in the house.
- 16- There isn't (many too many enough) cheese in the fridge.

- 17- Mommy looks after everybody . She is (mean caring selfish).
- 18- The water contains (minerals oxygen air) that the plants need.
- 19- Adel makes people laugh. He is (bossy moody funny).
- 20- She often thinks about herself. She is (selfish caring kind).
- 21- Sally doesn't worry about things. She is (moody nervous calm).
- 22- Hassan likes giving people presents. He is (mean generouslazy).
- 23- He speaks nicely to everyone and behaves well. He is (polite moody nervous).
- 24- Mona works very well in a team. She is (selfish lazy cooperative).
- 25- Fatma isn't scared in dangerous situations. She isn't (coward lazy responsible).
- 26- Dina is sensible she looks after other people . She is (mean caring selfish).
- 27- She is (loyal funny bossy). She likes to tell others what to do.
- 28- Waterwheels used the (color smell energy) of running water to move machines.

Q2: Complete the dialogue :
(1) Ali:?
Omar: My father is a police officer.
Ali: Does your father like his job?
Omar :
Ali:?
Omar: He is working in the police station.
(2) Amal:?
Mona: I like my grandma because she is kind.
Amal: How often do you visit her ?
Mona:
Amal: What's her name?
Mona:
(3) Alaa : Do you like reading stories?
Ahmed:
Alaa: What is your favourite story?
Ahmed:
Alaa: How many stories do you read this week.
Ahmed:

Q3: Rearrange:	
(1) homes $-$ water $-$ ruin $ \underline{Flood}$ $-$ can	
	•••••
(2) $closed - \underline{The} - was - airport$	
•••••	•••••
(3) laugh – makes – \underline{He} – us	
•••••	•••••
(4) $does - right - \underline{She} - thing - the - always$	
•••••	•••••
(5) help – doesn't – home – <u>Salma</u> – at	
••••••	•••••
(6) river – are – <u>Waterwheels</u> – in – the	
	•••••
(7) big – <u>The</u> – is – Aswan dam – very	
Q4: Rewrite:	
1- There are too many rulers.	(not enough)
•••••	•••••
2- There isn't enough juice.	(too much)
•••••	•••••
3- There aren't enough dates.	(too many)
4- There is too much rice.	(not enough)
•••••	•••••

5- There is too much sugar.	(not enough)
6- There aren't enough people.	(too many)
Q5: Read and match:	
`	1)
1- Buildings can collapse when	a- many balls
2- There isn't	b- fell in a short time.
3- There are too	c- there are dangerous floods.
4- A lot of rain	d- were flooded .
	e- enough chocolate
	2)
1- Flood water can	a- many pipes.
2- Meteorologists can	b- in dangerous situations.
3- There are too	c- minimize floods
4- I get scared	d- dairy foods.
	e- ruin homes and shops .
(3)
1- Oxen made the wheels	a- move water to their fields
2- A turbine turns round	b- in the past.
3- Farmers use pumps to	c- just like a wheel does.
4- People built aqueducts	d- go round
	e- gravity

Q6: Read the following passage and answer the questions:

Samira is going to do the shopping next Friday. First, she's going to buy a kilo of melons and apples at the fruit shop. Then she's going to the supermarket to buy cheese, milk and a bag of sugar. Next Samira is going to the bakery to buy fine loaves of bread. At the end she is going to take a taxi because she is going to have lots of things.

A) Answer the following questions:

1- What is Samira going to do next Friday?
••••••
2- How many loaves of bread is Samira going to buy?
••••••
B) Choose the correct answer:
3- Samira is going to buy (one –two – three) kilo(s) of apples.
4- She's going to go home by (car – taxi – train).

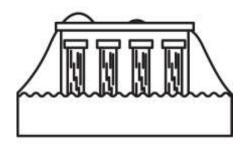
5- She's going to the supermarket to buy (milk – apples – melons).

Q7: Complete using:

(High Dam – Floods – Waterwheels)

- 1- When there are dangerousbuildings can collapse.
- 2- The is big.
- 3- are in rivers.

Q8: Pictorial composition:

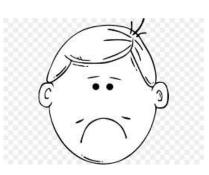




1- The Highis big .



2- The clown is



- 3- There isn't enough
- 4- He is

Story Fares and The Fish

P)	92,	93:
_	•	749	10.

7	• 4	
Main	points	•
TATUTTI	pomb	•

- Fares lived in Hurghada with his family.
- He loved swimming. He wanted to be an athlete.
- He trained in the pool for an hour everyday to win competitions.
- He sometimes walked to the sports center. Sometimes he cycled.

(1) Answer the following:
1- Where did Fares live? with whom?
2- What did Fares love?
3- What did Fares want to be ?
4- What did Fares do everyday? What for?
5- How did he go to the sports center?
6- Do you like to be like Fares , What do you like doing ?

1- Fares lived inwith his
2- Fares lovedHe wanted to be an
3- Heeveryday.
4- He wanted tolots of
5- He sometimesto the sportsand
sometimes he
(3) Choose:
1- Fares lived in (Aswan – Alexandria – Hurghada).
2- Fares lived with his (friends – family – teachers).
3-Fares trained in the pool for (30 minutes -60 minutes -15
minutes) a day.
4- Fares trained everyday to win lots of (transitions – competitions
– formation) .
5- Fares (always – never – sometimes) walked or cycled to the
sports center.
6- Fares trained in the (pitch – playground – pool).

(2) Complete

P. 94, 95:

Main points:

- Fares got his bike out of the garage, put on his helmet and cycled through the park.
- He felt happy.
- His friends were on their skateboards in the park.
- Adam , Fares's friend, didn't wear his helmet or knee pads.
 He was
- He was good at skateboarding.
- Fares asked his friend Adam to try skateboarding.
- Skateboard: A board used to skate with.

(1) Answer the following:
1- Where did Fares cycle ?
2- How did Fares feel ?
3- Where were Fares's friends? What did they do?
4- Did Adam wear his helmet or knee pads?
5- What did Fares ask Adam?
6- Who was Adam?

(2) Complete

1- Fares got his	put of the, put on his
and	through the
He felt	•
2- Fares's friends were	e on theirin the
3didn	't wear hisor knee
4- Adam didn't need a	pads . He was
at skate	boarding.
	to try
6- To ride my 🎇	I must wear
andn	ot to get hurt.
7- To cycle with my	I must put on

(3) Choose:

- 1- Fares (walked swam cycled) through the park.
- 2- Fares felt (angry sad happy).
- 3- Fares's friends were on their (bikes skateboards chairs).
- 4- Adam is Fares's (father friend brother).
- 5- Adam was (good at bad at uninterested in) skateboarding.
- 6- Fares asked Adam to (fry try tray) skateboarding.

<u>P. 96, 97:</u>
Main points:
- Fares stood at the top of the ramp . He didn't know how high
it is.
- Adam said "it isn't very high. It's easy."
- Fares stood on the skateboard and pushed with his feet.
- Fares went quickly down the ramp.
- Fares was too fast . He slipped and fell.
- Ramp = a high curved place that we can skateboard on .
(1) Answer the following:
1- Where did Fares stand ?
•••••
2- Did Fares know how high the ramp is ?
•••••
3- How did Adam think about the ramp?

4- How fast did Fares go down the ramp?

5- What happened to Fares?

(59)

(2) Complete
1- Fares stood at theof the ramp.
2- Fares stood on theandwith his feet.
3- Fares wentdown the ramp.
4- Fares was too Heand
(3) Choose:
1- Fares stood at the (bottom – middle – top) of the ramp.
2- Fares stood on the (ramp – skateboard – floor) and pushed with
his feet.
3- Fares went (slowly – hardly – quickly) down the ramp.

4- Fares was too (fast - hard - slow).

5- Fares (slept - slipped - stepped) and fell.

<u>P. 98, 99:</u>
Main points:
- Adam was worried. He wanted to check on his friend Fares.
- Fares hurt his leg. He couldn't move it.
- Fares's leg might be broken.
- Adam called Fares's mum and the ambulance for help.
- Fares wouldn't be able to swim.
- Ambulance: It takes sick people to hospitals.
(1) Answer the following : 1- Why was Adam worried?
2- How did Adam feel ?
3- What happened to Fares?
4- Could Fares move his leg ? why ?
5- What did Adam do ?
6- Who did Adam call for help?
7- Would Fares be able to swim ? why ?

(2) Complete
1- Adam was
2- Faresit .
3- Fares's leg might be
4for help.
5- Fares wouldn't be able to
(3) Choose:
1- Adam was (excited – worried – happy). He wanted to check on
Fares.
2- Fares's leg might be (broken – taken chosen).
3- Adam called Fares's (mum – dad – sister) and the (police station
 fire station – ambulance) for (hint – bend – help).
4- When somebody is hurt we callor

P. 100, 101 :
Main points:
- Fares had an x- ray at the hospital.
- The doctor said Fares's leg was broken.
- Fares would have to wear a cast for about six weeks.
- Fares was very sad. He wouldn't be able to swim.
- Fares lay down on his bed at home.
- He was angry and sad. His leg hurt. His sister, Dalia suggested
to come and watch T.V. Fares refused.
- His little brother, Wael offered to lend him his comic to read
Fares refused again .
* Cast If you break a bone , you wear a cast
* refuse say no!
* comics — "funny books for children"
* suggested → to say an idea .
(1) Answer the following:

1- What did Fares have at the hospital?
2- What did the doctor say ?
3- What would Fares have to do ?
4- How did Fares feel after his leg was broken?
••••••

5- What was Dalia's suggestion?
6- What did Wael offer ?
••••••
(2) Complete
1- Fares had anat the hospital.
2- Fares would have to wear afor about
weeks.
3- Fares was veryHe wouldn't be able to
4- Faresdown on hisat
His leg
5- Dalia, his, suggested to come and
6- Wael, his little offered tohim his
to read.
(3) Choose:
1- Fares had an $(\text{meal} - \text{x-ray- anatomy})$ at the hospital.
2- His leg was (taken – broken – chosen).
3- Fares would have to wear a (past – fast – cast) for about six
weeks.
4- Fares wouldn't be able to (draw – swim – write).
5- Fares (lie – lay – tie) down on his bed at home .
6- His sister Dalia suggested to come (wash – watch – push) TV.
7- His brother Wael offered to (tent – bend – lend) him his comic .

<u>P. 102, 103 :</u>
Main points:
- Later, Fares apologized to his family for being rude.
- He was angry and sad because of a stupid accident.
- Mum suggested to watch a movie together.
- The children went to bed after watching the movie.
- Mum and dad were worried about Fares.
- They want to please him up.
* rude rough.
* please someone —— to make him happy .
(1) Answer the following:
1- Why did Fares apologise to his family ?
•••••
2- Why was Fares angry and sad?
••••••
3- What did mum suggest to do?

4- What did the parents want to do to Fares?

(2) Combleto	(2)	Complete
--------------	------------	----------

1- Faresto his family for being	•••••
2- Fares was angry because of hisaccid	lent.
3- Mum suggested to watch atogethe	r.
4- Mum and dad wereabout Fares. The	y want to
him up.	

(3) Choose:

- 1- Fares (exercised optimized apologized) to his family.
- 2- Fares was (good rude sad) so he apologized to his family.
- 3- Fares thought that his accident was (intelligent stupid good).
- 4- The children went to (park school bed) after watching the movie.
- 5- Mum and dad were (happy pleased worried) about Fares.
- 6- When you do something wrong , you must (exercise opologize please) at once.

P. 104, 105 :
Main points :
- Dad and Dalia had lots of boxes.
- They had a surprise for Fares.
- Dad bought a large fish tank with lots of beautiful fish for
Fares.
- Dad put the fish tank on the table at the end of the bed.
* fish tank We can keep fish in it.
(1) Answer the following:
1- What did dad and Dalia have ?
2- What was dad's and Dalia's surprise? for whom?
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
3- Where did dad put the fish tank??

(2) Complete	
1- Dad and Dalia had lots of	
2- They had afor Fares.	

- 3- Dad bought a large fish for Fares.
- 4- Dad put the fish tank on theat theof the bed.
- 5- When you are bored buy a petto keep you busy and cheer you up.

(3) Choose:

- 1- Dad and (Wael mum Dalia) had lots of boxes.
- 2- Dad and Dalia bought a large fish (bank tank rank) for Fares.
- 3- The fish tank had lots of (ugly bad beautiful) fish.
- 4- Dad put the fish tank on the (chair table self) at the end of the bed.

<u>P. 106, 107 : </u>
Main points:
- Fares was grateful for the present.
- The fish tank had too many fish to count.
- Fares was pleased. He enjoyed watching the fish.
- Fares learnt the names of the different types of fish.
- Fares took care of the fish , he fed them and kept their water
clean.
- Fares rested and his leg got better.
* grateful thankful.
* take care of look after
(1) Answer the following : 1- How did Fares feel for the present ?
2- How many fish was in the fish tank?
3- What did Fares learn?
4- How did Fares take care of the fish ?
5- How was Fares's leg doing ?

(2) Complete
1- Fares wasfor the present.
2- The fish tank hadmany fish to
3- Fares was He enjoyedthe fish.
4- Faresof fish.
5- Faresthem and
their water
6- Faresand his leg got
(3) Choose:
1- Fares was (awful – grateful – graceful) for the present.
2- The fish tank had (two – to – too) many fish to count.
3- Fares was (angry – sad – pleased). He enjoyed watching the fish
4- Fares learnt the names of the different (wipes – types – pipes) of
fish.
5- Fares (looks for - takes care of – takes out) the fish .

6- Fares (hurt – rested – pained) and his leg got better.

Main points :
- After two months, Fares was better. He could walk and run.
- Mum suggested going to the beach.
- The family packed their things for a day at the beach.
- Wael and Fares wanted to swim in the sea.
- Dad had another surprise . He had a mask and snorkels to
Fares.
- Fares enjoyed swimming under the water.
* mask It helps us to see underwater .
* snorkels — We use it to breathe underwater.
(1) Answer the following:
1- What happened to Fares after two months?
••••••
2- Who suggested going to the beach?
3- How did the family prepare for the trip?
••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
4- What did Wael and Fares want to do?
•••••••••••
5- What was dad's surprise to Fares at the beach?
••••••••••••
6- Did Fares enjoy swimming under the water?
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

P. 108, 109 :

(2) Complete
1- Afterweeks , Fares was better . He could
and
2- Mumgoing to the beach.
3- The familytheir things for a trip on the
4- Wael and Fares wanted toin the sea.
5- Dad had anotherHe had a
and ato Fares.
6- Fares enjoyed swimmingthe water .
7- Now Fares has recovered he learnt to wearto
protect himself.
8- Wewhen we do something wrong .
(3) Choose:
1- After two months, Fares was (worse – slower – better).
2- Mum suggested going to the (club – park – beach).
3- The family (packed $-$ sat $-$ back) their things for atrip.
3- Dad had another (souvenir – surprise – shorts) to Fares.
4- Fares (bored – enjoyed- climbed) swimming.

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Future Simple Tense

Usage:

1- To talk about an action that will happen in the future.

e.g: When I grow up, I'll be a famous writer.

2- To make a promise.

e.g: I promise you I'll be the first one.

3- To make a sudden decision to do something.

e.g: I'll take my umbrella, it's raining.

Keywords:

tomorrow – after tomorrow – next "day – week – month – year" when I grow up – in the future – promise – in ten days - in three years

Form:

<u>Affirmative</u>: All pronouns + will + verb (stem)

The short form of (will) is ('ll)

e.g: He will be a famous doctor in the future.

Negative: All pronouns + will not (won't) + verb (stem)

e.g: Tom won't travel to Paris

Question:

Will + pronoun + verb (stem)?

e.g: Will they visit us next month?

Q1: Correct the verb:
1- He (be)rich in ten years.
2- Tina (go)to university in three years.
3
4- Dad (travel)to Italy next month.
5- In the future, robots (do)everything for us.
6to England next year?
7- We (have)electric cars in about ten years.
8- She (be)ten next month.
9- The children (not – study)for the next few
months.
10tired tomorrow?
Q2: Change into negative and question:
1- Kate will move to Germany next month.
2- My father will travel to London tomorrow.
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
3- The children will visit their uncle.
4- I will help my mum tomorrow.
······································
••••••

5- We will watch TV next day.	••••••••••••
6- The boys will study for the next few days.	
7- We will go on a trip next week.	
8- I will invite you to my birthday party.	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
	••••••••••••
Q3: Rewrite using the words in brackets:	
1- No, it won't be easy to win.	(will)
2- I will win the race .	(not)
3- She will climb the rock.	(will)
4- He will play basketball tomorrow.	(won't)
5- They will visit the pyramids .	(She)

The Present Simple Tense

Usage:

1- Habits or repeated actions that take place as a routine.

e.g: I usually visit my grandma on Fridays.

2- Facts

e.g: The sun sets in the west.

3- Permanent states

e.g: We live in Cairo.

Keywords:

(always-usually-often-sometimes-rarely-never-every-at

weekends – in the morning – in summer – on Sundayetc)

- verbs ending in $\{s, sh, ch, o, x\}$

e.g: 1- Polly rarely goes to school on foot.

- 2- Lena always misses the bus.
- 3- She mixes milk with chocolate.

Change y into ies:

e.g: My sister always hurries to school.

except if there is a vowel (a, e, o, I, u) before y

e.g: Fady often plays basketball on Sundays.

Negation:	
- Dad is sad	Dad is not (isn't) sad
- The girls are hungry ——	The girls are not hungry
- Dad washes his car everyda	y → Dad doesn't wash his car
	everyday
- Children cry a lot ——	Children don't cry a lot
<u>Interrogative</u> :	
- Sally is happy ——	Is Sally happy?
- I am clever ——	Are you clever ?
- Mum likes apples ——	Does mum like apples ?
- My sisters play tennis —	→ Do your sisters play tennis ?
(1) Correct the verbs between	n brackets:
1- The earth (go)r	ound the sun.
2- The girl always (do)	her homework at night.
3you always (co	me)to work late ?
4- Whenthe next tra	ain (arrive)?
5- How oftenit (sno	ow)in Egypt?
6- How many hoursyo	ou (sleep)every night?
7- She (not help)	her mother with the housework.
8- He (not brush)h	nis teeth every morning.

(2) Negate the following sentences:
1- They watch T.V in the evening.
2- He helps his father in the fields.
3- Heba teaches a primary school.
4- Wael plays the guitar well.
5- She walks to school every morning .
(3) Change the following into questions :
1- We make many mistakes in class.
2- The baby cries too much .
3- Hend goes to bed early.
4- Amany helps her mother in the kitchen.
5- A typist works in an office.
•••••••••••••

(4) Rewrite using the words in brackets: 1- I usually go to the cinema on Friday.	(She)
2- We live in Cairo.	(not)
3- Adam goes to school on foot .	(not)
4- Ahmed always plays football.	(Does)
5- Noha often plays basketball on Sunday.	(We)
6- Hana is happy .	(not)
7- Hany likes chocolate .	(Does)
8- She helps mother in the kitchen.	(I)
9- I brush my teeth every morning.	(Do)
10- We watch TV in the evening.	(not)
11- She walks to school every morning.	(Does)
12- We make the beds everyday.	(not)

The Present Continuous Tense

Usage:

- We use the present continuous for something that is happening at the moment of speaking now.

e.g: He's learning English verbs.

- We form the present continuous with verb to be

$$(am, is, are + verb + ing)$$

- Verbs ending in a single "e", drop it before adding (ing):

write ----- writing

make --- making

- verbs ending in a consonant preceded by a vowel, the last consonant is doubled before adding (ing):

—→ hitting hit

dig ---- digging

cut — cutting

drop ---- dropping

- verbs ending in (ie) change them into (y) before adding (ing)

 $die \longrightarrow dying$ $tie \longrightarrow tying$ $lie \longrightarrow lying$

now, at present, at the moment, today, listen, look, shh,
watch out
Negative and question form:
She is doing her H.W now .
N → She isn't doing her H.W now.
Q → Is she doing her H.W now ?
(1) Correct the verbs between brackets:
1- She (write)a story now.
2- We (learn)English grammar at the moment.
3- Watch out! A car (come)quickly.
4- Mother (cook)dinner right now.
5- Sally (prepare) her H.W at present.
6the boys (do) their H.W now?
7- Look! It (begin)to rain.
8- Hania (look)for her English book.
9- Listen! Someone (knock)at the door.
10father (read) the paper at this moment ?

Keywords:

(2) Negate :
1- Mum is shopping at the moment .
2- Dad and I are going to the pyramids now.
3- I am writing my lessons at the present time .
4- We are playing tennis now.
5- They are moving to another house at the moment.
(3) Form questions: 1- Farida is doing her H.W in the bedroom.
2- The children are picking up the flowers in the garden.
3- No, the horse is not running in the fields .
4- Yes, it is raining heavily outside at the present moment.
5- I am listening to the teacher .

(4) Rewrite using the words in brackets:1- Ahmed is playing tennis at the moment.	(not)
2- Mona is going to the cinema now.	(I)
3- I am watching TV at present.	(She)
4- They are writing on the board now.	(not)
5- Adam is doing his H.W in the bedroom.	(Is)
6- The farmer is working in the field.	(not)
7- Mum is cooking in the kitchen.	(not)
8- I am listening to the teacher.	(They)
9- We are eating lunch now.	(She)
10- The horse is running very quickly .	(not)
11- They are studying their lessons .	(Are)
12- She is picking up the flowers in the garden	n. (Is)

Question words

*What?

To ask about things or an object.

- What's your name?

My name is

What's your age = How old are you?I'm nine years old.

- What's your address?

I live in 20 Nasr street.

- What's your favourite animal?

My favourite animal is a dog.

- What's your telephone number.

It's 010224317.

- What colour is it?



It's red.

- What's your father's job?

He is a doctor.

- What's the time?



It's two o'clock

*When.....?

To ask about time.

- When do you go to school?

I go to school at 7 o' clock.

- When does the movie start?

It starts at 5 p.m.

- When do you sleep?

I sleep at 10 p.m.

* Where?

To ask about places.

- Where is your school?

It's next to the bank.

- Where is the bag?

It's under the table.

- Where is your dad?

He is at work.

- Where can you buy bread?I can buy bread at the bakery.
- Where can you buy books?

 I can buy books at the bookshop.



*Which? To ask about something.
- Which school are you in ?
I'm in Al Ola language school.
- Which grade are you in ?
I'm in grade three.
- Which is faster the train or the plane ?
The plane is faster.
* Who?
To ask about someone.
- Who is he?
He is my father.
- Who is she?
She is my sister.
* How?
To ask about something.
- How are you ?
I'm fine, thank you.
- How old are you ?
I'm nine years old.
- How do you go to school ?
I go to school by bus.
- How do you feel?
I feel happy.

*How much?
To ask about the price.
- How much is the bag ?
It's fifty pounds.
*How many?
To ask about the numbers.
- How many apples are there ?
There are three apples.
*How far?
To ask about the distance.
- How far is it from Cairo to Aswan?
It's about 750 K.m.
*How fast?
To ask about the speed.
- How fast is the plane ?
It's about 500 K.m per hour.
*How often?
To ask about how many times .
- How often do you go to school ?
I go to school everyday.
*How high?
To ask about the height.
- How high is the Cairo tower?
It's about 188 m.

1- My name is Rana.	(What)
2- I'm nine years old.	(How old)
3- I'm in Al-Ola language school.	(Which)
4- The Cairo Tower is 188 m high .	(How high)
5- My favourite colour is red.	(What)
6- The book is 20 pounds .	(How much)
7- There are three balls.	(How many)
8- I go to school by bus.	(How)
9- The car is about 50 km per hour.	(How fast)
10- It's two o' clock.	(What time)
11- The cat is under the table .	(Where)
12- I live in Cairo.	(Where)

13- I feel happy .	(How)
14- The banana is yellow .	(What colour)
15- My name is Rody .	(What's)
16- I go to school by bus .	(How)
17- The school is about 3 m high.	(How high)
18- I am a doctor .	(What's)
19- Ali is a teacher .	(Who)
20- I am in grade three.	(Which grade)

Choose:

- 1- (How far How fast How much) is your dress?
 - It's 100 pounds.
- 2- (How far How fast How high) is your house?
 - It's about 20 m high.
- 3- (How much How many How fast) books are there?
 - There are five book.
- 4- (How What Where) old are you?
- 5- (What Where When) do you live?
- 6- (What How Where) time is it?
- 7- (Where What How) do you feel?
- 8- (What Where When) colour is it?
- 9- (Who What How) grade are you in?
- 10- (When –What Where) do you go to school?
 - I go to school at 7 o' clock.
- 11- (Where What When) is your school?
 - It's next to the bank.
- 12- (How What Where) do you go to school?
 - I go to school by bus.
- 13- (What Where Who) is he?
 - He is my father.

Ask questions:
1- Mary was born <u>in India</u> .
••••••
2- Samy bought a new car <u>last Tuesday</u> .
••••••
3- Ben spent the summer <u>in England</u> last year.
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
4- We ate <u>lunch</u> in a restaurant two days ago.
••••••
5- My mother washed the dishes yesterday.
•••••
6- I went to the cinema with my friends in the evening.
••••••
7- Ahmed finished his homework <u>at 9 o clock</u> .
••••••••••••
8- I saw a very big ship in the ocean a month ago.
••••••

Rewrite using the words between brackets:

1- The baby cries loudly everyday.	(What)
2- David hurries to catch the bus in the morning .	(not)
3- Jim is staying at Grand Hotel at present .	(Where)
4- Ned and Tina came home late last night.	(Who)
5- I had cold a few days ago .	(not)
6- My father bought a new car last week.	(What)
7- Tina and Mary often buy their clothes from this	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

Dialogues

Complete the dialogues :
1- What's your name ?
- My name is
2- How old are you ?
- I amyears old.
3- What's your teacher's name?
name is Sara.
4- How many brothers and sisters do you have ?
- I have
5?
- My name is Ahmed.
6?
- I am eight years old.
7- How old is your sister?
<u> </u>

Complete the dialogues:
1- Ola: What is your favourite sport?
Maha:
2- Ahmed: What is your favourite food?
Tarek:
3- Hend:?
Mai: My favourite subject is English.
4- Ahmed: How high can you jump?
Adam:2 meters high.
5- Ola: How fast can you run?
Hend:8 km an hours.
6- Baher :
Adam: I can jump 3 meters high.
7- Ahmed :?
Magdy: I can run 6 km an hour.
8- Mai:?
Adam: My favourite food is pasta.

<u>Complete the dialogues :</u>
1- Rana: When is your birthday?
Aya:
Rana: What are you going to wear?
Aya:
2- Ahmed :?
Adam: My birthday is next Friday .
Ahmed:?
Adam: My friends are coming to my birthday.
3- Aysel :?
Retaj: Birds live in nests.
Aysel: What do they use to build nests?
Retaj:
4- Ahmed : How do you go to school?
Adam:
Ahmed: Do you live far from school?
Adam:
5- Eman : Where do you go on Friday ?
Doaa:
Eman: What do you do there?
Doaa:

<u>Complete the dialogues :</u>
1- Adam:?
Hussien: I go to the zoo.
Adam:?
Hussien: I see lots of animals and birds.
2- Mona: Where did you go yesterday ?
Nada:
Mona:?
Nada: I went to the cinema at six o' clock.
3- Sara : Do you go to the park on Friday?
Dalia: Yes,
Sara: Who do you go with ?
Dalia:
4- Adam :?
Asser: Yes, I go to the club every Friday.
Adam:?
Asser: I go with my family.
5- Samy :
Tourist : I came from Italy.
Samy : Do you like Egypt ?
Tourist :

<u>Complete the dialogues :</u>
1- Jana:?
Hana: I started school when I was five.
Jana: What is your favourite subject?
Hana:
2- Jana: Where do you come from ?
Tourist :
Jana:?
Tourist: Yes, I like Egypt so much.
3- Alaa:?
Ramy: I was at the zoo yesterday.
Alaa: Who did you go with ?
Ramy:
4- Amal : What grade are you in this year?
Noha:
Amal:?
Noha: Miss Mona teaches us English this year.
5- Amany :?
Alia: I am going to visit my grandma tomorrow.
Amany:?
Alia: She lives in Nasr City.

<u>Complete the dialogues :</u>
1- Sally:?
Fatma: Tonight, I'm going to visit my aunt.
Sally: Does she have any children?
Fatma:
2- Karim: How often do you go to the sports center?
Hany:
Karim:?
Hany: I go with my brother.
3- Dentist: You have a bad tooth, How often do you brush your teeth?
Karim:
Dentist: No, you should brush your teeth 3 times a day.
4- Ahmed : My teeth hurts.
Dentist :?
Ahmed: I brush my teeth once a day.
Dentist : No,
5- Ola :?
Maha: I'm going to the sports shop.
Ola:?
Maha: I'm going to buy tennis shoes.

<u>Complete the dialogues :</u>
1- Adel: How are you today, Heba?
Heba:
Adel:?
Heba: I play tennis after school.
2- Samy:?
Tarek: Yes, I can run fast.
Samy: How fast can you run?
Tarek:
3- Jana: Do you like sports?
Hana:
Jana: Which sport do you like ?
Hana:
4- Reem:?
Suzan: Yes, I'm very good at science.
Reem: What's the largest organ in our body?
Suzan:
5- Dalia:?
Soha: My favourite animal is cheetah.
Dalia: Does it run fast ?
Soha:

Complete the dialogues :
1- Mona:?
Laila: Fires happen in forests or grassland.
Mona: Do fires destroy habitats?
Laila:
2- Amira: Does a sloth move slowly?
Rasha:
Amira: Do you like the chimpanzee?
Rasha:
3- Retaj: Did you visit Alexandria?
Sama:
Retaj : Who did you go with ?
Sama:
4- Adam:?
Omar : My father is a police officer .
Adam: Does your father like his job ?
Omar :
5- Mona : Do you like reading stories ?
Hana:
Mona: What is your favourite story?
Hana :

Dictation

<u>Dict. (1)</u>

track - athlete - support - secret - get fit - rumours - distance - winner - loser - competition

<u>Dict.(2)</u>

- Fares lived in Hurghada with his family .
- Fares loved swimming

<u>Dict.(3)</u>

beat - blood - pump - brain - heart - bone - energy - healthy - stomach - jaw

<u>Dict.(4)</u>

- Fares wanted to be an athlete.
- Fares and his family lived close to the sports center.

<u>Dict.(5)</u>

vitamins – proteins – fruit – vegetables – diet – fiber – calories – joint – heat – store

<u>Dict.(6)</u>

- Fares cycled through the park.
- "I haven't tried skateboarding before" said Fares.

<u>Dict.(7)</u>

chase — hunt — take shelter — camp — tent — wildlife — forest — desert — pollution — flood

<u>Dict.(8)</u>

- Fares stood at the top of the ramp.
- It is not very high. It's easy!

<u>Dict.(9)</u>

$$\label{eq:continuous_equation} \begin{split} & - medicine - dry \; x \; wet - Herb - shade - surface \\ & - underground - olives \end{split}$$

Dict. (10)

- Do you want to come and watch T.V Fares?
- Do you want to borrow my comic, Fares?